FOOD AND CIVIL SUPPLIES

were taken up, out of which 32 were completed benefitting to an extent of 1,205 acres (old) and 11 acres (new). The outlay during the period was Rs. 1,53,512.

Special Minor Irrigation Works:—Against 766 works programmed for the year, 26 works were completed during the year. The outlay for the period was Rs. 15,63,891. The area benefitted being 361 acres (old).

(10) Extension of power supply to irrigation pump-sets:—Against the target of extending power to 800 units fixed for the year to benefit an area of 4,000 acres, the achievement during the period have risen up to 1,673 units, the area benefitted being 8,365 acres and the additional food production during the year was 4,182 tons.

(11) Land Reclamation by manual labour:—During the year, 435 acres of land was reclaimed by manual labour which resulted in 109 tons of additional food production.

(12) Distribution of iron snd steel for agricultural purposes:—During the year, against a total quantity of 4,293 tons of iron and steel comprising of M. S. Flats for cart tyres and plough points, M. S. Squares for axles, M. S. Rounds and Sheets, etc., allotted by the Government of India, Ministry of Food and Agriculture, New Delhi and allocated among the 101 registered societies and stockists of the State, and supplies to the extent of 2,302 tons were received and distributed by the Registered Stockists.

(13) Tractor and Bulldozer Service:—Forty-five tractors and 22 bulldozers were put for work during the year in the cultivators fields on Hire Purchase System. An area of 5,943 acres was ploughed by tractors and an area of 1,084 acres was reclaimed by bulldozers during the year and the additional production of foodgrains was 1,136 tons.

Textiles.

(iii) Civil Supplies.

808. The following Control Orders relating to Textiles were under the administration of the Civil Supplies Department during the year 1957-58.

1. The Cotton Textiles Control Order, 1958.
2. The Cotton Textiles Control of Movement Order, 1948.
3. The Textiles (Production by Powerlooms) Control Order, 1956.

809. The Mysore Cement Rationing and Licensing Order, 1957 continued to be in force. As against the allotment of 1,52,310 tons for 1956-57, the Government of India have enhanced the allotment to 1,83,180 tons. The Government Departments including Local Bodies, important Institutions and Major Industries requiring large quantities of cement continued to obtain their supplies direct from the works as before. Cement.

810. After the State Trading Corporation came into existance during June 1956, the work relating to the distribution of cement upto stockists level was taken over by the Government of India and this arrangement continued to be in vogue during the year also. There were 451 Licensed Cement Stockists in Mysore State during the year.

811. The Cotton Control Order, 1955 remained in force during the year and certain categories of Ginning and Pressing Factories have been licensed. Cotton licenses in Ex-Hyderabad areas which were not renewed for 1956-57 by the then authorities were renewed during the year and the Controller of Civil Supplies was made the Cotton Licensing Authority for the entire Mysore State. Cotton.

812. The total receipts of the Department for the year 1957-58 realised by way of licensing fee on Cotton and Cement Dealers Licenses amounted to Rs. 53,902 and the total expenditure of the Department for the year being Rs. 40,967-86, leaving a surplus revenue of Rs. 12,935. Revenue and Expenditure.